

【問題①：完了時制50問】

【大問1】 ※次の()の中から正しいものを選びなさい。

- (1) I (lost / have lost) my key yesterday.
- (2) I (lost / have lost) my key, so I can't open the door now.
- (3) (Did you ever go / Have you ever been) to Hokkaido?
- (4) When (did you finish / have you finished) your homework?
- (5) My father (went / has gone) to New York last week.
- (6) My father (went / has gone) to New York, so he isn't here now.
- (7) I (lived / have lived) in this town since I was a child.
- (8) He (lived / has lived) in London for three years when he was a student.
- (9) The train (already left / has already left).
- (10) Just now, the train (left / has left) the station.
- (11) (Did you have / Have you had) lunch yet?
- (12) We (know / have known) each other since we were kids.
- (13) I (belong / have belonged) to the tennis club now.
- (14) It (passed / has passed) three years since he died.
- (15) I (didn't see / haven't seen) him recently.

【問題②：完了時制50問】

【大問2】 ※次の()の中から正しいものを選びなさい。

- (16) When I arrived at the station, the train (left / had already left).
- (17) I (lost / had lost) the watch that my father bought for me yesterday.
- (18) I (lost / had lost) the watch that my father had bought for me.
- (19) I recognized him at once because I (saw / had seen) him before.
- (20) He said that he (finished / had finished) the work the day before.
- (21) The concert (started / had started) before we got to the hall.
- (22) I (was / had been) sick in bed for a week when he visited me.
- (23) We (lived / had lived) in Paris until we moved to Tokyo in 2020.
- (24) She (didn't eat / hadn't eaten) anything since the morning when she became sick.
- (25) I realized that I (left / had left) my umbrella on the train.
- (26) Yesterday I met a friend who I (didn't see / hadn't seen) for a long time.
- (27) The movie (ended / had ended) ten minutes ago.
- (28) By the time I woke up, my family (ate / had eaten) breakfast.
- (29) He passed the exam because he (studied / had studied) very hard.
- (30) I couldn't buy the ticket because I (left / had left) my wallet at home.

【答え①：完了時制50問】

【大問1】 現在完了 vs 過去形・現在形

- (1) lost (yesterdayは明らかな過去を表す「点」の言葉なので過去形)
- (2) have lost (過去に失くして「今も失くしたまま」という「線」の状態)
- (3) Have you ever been (「今までに行ったことがあるか」という経験)
- (4) did you finish (When「いつ」は明確な過去の一点を聞くため現在完了と一緒に使えない)
- (5) went (last weekがあるので過去形)
- (6) has gone (「行ってしまって今ここにはいない」という結果)
- (7) have lived (過去から今までずっと住んでいる)
- (8) lived (大学生の頃という「過去の一時期」の話なので過去形)
- (9) has already left (「もう出発してしまった」という完了)
- (10) left (Just now「たった今」は過去形と一緒に使うキーワード)
- (11) Have you had (yet「もう～したか」は現在完了の完了用法)
- (12) have known (子どもの頃からずっと知っている)
- (13) belong (「今」所属しているという現在の状態。進行形にも完了形にもしない)
- (14) has passed (～してから時間が「経過した」)
- (15) haven't seen (recently「最近」は現在完了と相性が良い)

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【答え②：完了時制50問】

【大問2】 過去完了 vs 過去形

- (16) had already left (駅に着いた「過去」よりも前に、すでに出発していた)
- (17) lost (昨日失くしたという単なる過去の事実)
- (18) had had bought (失くした「過去」よりも前に、買ってもらっていた「大過去」)
- (19) had seen (気づいた「過去」よりも前に、会っていた)
- (20) had finished (言った「過去」よりも前に、終わらせていた)
- (21) had started (到着した「過去」よりも前に、始まっていた)
- (22) had been (彼が訪ねてきた「過去」の時点まで、ずっと寝込んでいた)
- (23) had lived (引っ越した「過去」の時点まで、ずっと住んでいた)
- (24) hadn't eaten (体調が悪くなった「過去」の時点まで、ずっと食べていなかった)
- (25) had left (気づいた「過去」よりも前に、置き忘れていた)
- (26) hadn't seen (出会った「過去」の時点まで、ずっと会っていなかった)
- (27) ended (agoがあるため単なる過去形)
- (28) had eaten (起きた「過去」よりも前に、食べてしまっていた)
- (29) had studied (合格した「過去」よりも前に、勉強していた)
- (30) had left (買えなかった「過去」よりも前に、忘れていた)

【答え③：完了時制50問】

【大問3】 未来完了 vs 未来形

- (31) will have finished (by tomorrow 「明日までに」 終わっている状態を表す)
- (32) will finish (tomorrow 「明日」という未来の予定)
- (33) will have read (次に読めば、3回読んだ「経験が完了」する)
- (34) will have been (来月で10年という「継続が完了」する)
- (35) will arrive (午後5時に到着するという未来の予定)
- (36) will have stopped (帰ってくる頃には、止んでいる「状態が完了」している)
- (37) will call (到着したら電話するという未来の意志・予定。※時を表す副詞節なのでarriveは現在形)
- (38) will have been (来年で20年になるという未来完了)
- (39) will have returned (by next Sunday 「次の日曜日までに」 帰っている)
- (40) will have started (着くころには、すでに始まってしまっている)

【大問4】 完了進行形 vs 完了形・進行形

- (41) has been raining (昨日から今まで「動作がずっと続いている」)
- (42) have been reading (2時間ずっと「読み続けている」途中)
- (43) have read (3回読んだという「経験」なので進行形にはしない)
- (44) have been waiting (30分前から今まで「ずっと待っている」)
- (45) had been sleeping (起こした「過去」の時点まで、10時間ずっと「眠り続けていた」)
- (46) will have been studying (来年の3月の時点で、5年間ずっと「勉強し続けている」ことになる)
- (47) is snowing (「今」目の前で降っている動作)
- (48) have you been learning (いつから今まで「ずっと学び続けているか」)
- (49) have lost (失くすという動作は継続しないため、進行形にはできない)
- (50) has known (knowは状態動詞なので、進行形 (knowing) にはできない)